



A Time For Ritual

A TIME FOR RITUAL QUIZ

To be used in conjunction with our A Time For Ritual videos: check them out on our [Youtube channel](#).

Produced by the Edinburgh Interfaith Association. For further information and supplementary educational materials visit:

www.edinburghinterfaith.com

Why not check out our other RME materials and videos on EIFA's educational resource website: *The Ground We Share*

www.thegroundweshare.com

This resource introduces the faith groups of Edinburgh, what they believe, and offers students a chance to ask difficult questions (around contemporary moral issues, or tenets of belief) to local religious representatives, who answer them. Answers range topics such as same sex relationships, war & religion, euthanasia and embryo researching many more.



Christianity: Earth Day Ritual

Ali Newell

<p>Q1) Earth day celebrates through ritual A: Gifts from parents, friends and loved ones B: Gifts from the local shop C: Gifts of creation D: None of the above</p>	<p>Q2) The meditation recited at the beginning of this ritual includes awareness for A: Light B: Flowers C: Stars D: All of the above</p>
<p>Q3) The prayer in this ritual reminds us that: A: The fertile earth is slowly being stripped of its riches. B: The earth's resources are unlimited. C: We are no longer responsible for the earth. D: None of the above.</p>	<p>Q4) The prayer also reminds us that our water is slowly being: A: Being refilled with additional volume. B: Being choked with chemicals C: Being improved D: Being cleaned.</p>
<p>Q5) The ritual concludes with a blessing of appreciation for: A: The moon that is above us B: The earth that is below us C: The friends all around us D: All of the above.</p>	

Christianity: Prayer beads

Reverend Marion Chatterley

<p>Q1) The ritual object described is: A. Bracelet B. Circle of faith C. Prayer beads D. None of the above</p>	<p>Q2) Each bead on the bracelet represents a: A. Symbol of faith B. A person C. An animal D. An object</p>
<p>Q3) The faith leader holds each individual bead and: A. Prays for an individual person B. Prays for a group of people C. Prays for an object D. Prays for a place</p>	<p>Q4) This ritual enables the person to: A. Dream about a better world B. Celebrate kindness C. Generate energy D. Remember a group of people and a special time in her life</p>
<p>Q5) The bracelet also represents: A. The entire world B. Whole being C. Friendship D. Global peace</p>	

Christianity: Holy Communion

Rev David Paton Williams

<p>Q1) What is a chalice? A: A plate B: A cup C: A bowl D: A spoon</p>	<p>Q2) In what ritual do Christians eat bread and drink wine? A: The Eucharist B: Holy Communion C: Mass D: All of the above</p>
<p>Q3) Communion "takes Christians back" to which event in the life of Jesus? A: Turning water into wine B: His baptism C: The Last Supper D: The resurrection</p>	<p>Q4) What does the Communion service remind Christians of? A: That God will always be with them through the Holy Spirit B: God's love for them C: What Jesus did for them in the crucifixion D: All of the above</p>
<p>Q5) Why do Christians break bread? A: To feed a crowd B: To remind them of the Holy Spirit C: To remind them of the Crucifixion D: To remind them of the nativity</p>	

Islam: Prayer beads

Asif Sheikh

<p>Q1) The rosary in the Muslim faith is called the: A. Beads of hope B. Mispa C. String of faith D. All of the above</p>	<p>Q2) The total number of beads are: A. 50 B. 33 C. 66 D. 100</p>
<p>Q3) The number of sections on the beads are: A. 3 B. 4 C. 5 D. 2</p>	<p>Q4) The number of beads in each section is: A. 20 B. 3B3 C. 41 D. None of the above</p>
<p>Q5) The prayer from the Qur'an that is recited whilst holding the beads says: A. In Allah do hearts find satisfaction and rest, B. Thank you for life. C. Thank you for food and water. D. Remember others.</p>	

Islam: the Qur'an

Imam Yahya Barry

<p>Q1) The Qur'an is: A: The word of God, revealed to Mohammed (PBUH) B: The word of the Prophet C: The word of the Prophet given to God D: All of the above</p>	<p>Q2) How many years of revelation did it take for the Qur'an to be gathered together? A: 10 years B: 13 years C: 23 years D: 33 years</p>
<p>Q3) What is the name of a chapter of the Qur'an? A: A verse B: A Surah C: An Ayah D: An Ayat</p>	<p>Q4) What language was the Qur'an revealed in? A: English B: French C: Arabic D: Farsi</p>
<p>Q5) The Qur'an is a book... A: Full of guidance for Muslims B: Which teaches Muslims how to live a good life C: Which helps Muslims live a righteous life on this earth D: All of the above</p>	

Judaism: Shabbat candles, Kiddush cup and challah

Professor Joe Goldblatt

<p>Q1) The Jewish Sabbath begins at sundown on: A. Wednesday B. Saturday C. Friday D. Sunday</p>	<p>Q2) During the Jewish Sabbath ritual candles are lit, wine is drunk and: A. Bread is tasted. B. Dates are passed. C. Raisins are eaten. D. Almonds are passed.</p>
<p>Q3) The bread served during the Shabbat ritual is called the: A. Pumpernickel B. Rye C. Challah D. Brown</p>	<p>Q4) The Jewish Sabbath ends on: A. Saturday at sundown B. Thursday at sundown C. Monday at sundown D. Friday at sundown</p>
<p>Q5) When blessing the candles during the Shabbat ritual it is customary to: A. Close your hands B. Raise your hands C. Clap your hands D. Close your eyes to concentrate on God</p>	

Judaism: Havdalah spices, Kiddush cup and candle

Rabbi David Rose

Q1) The Jewish Havdalah ritual is conducted on: <ul style="list-style-type: none">A. Friday morningB. Tuesday afternoonC. Saturday at sundownD. Sunday at sundown	Q2) During the Havdalah ritual spices are smelled to remember: <ul style="list-style-type: none">1. To work hard in the week to come2. The sweetness of the Sabbath3. Loved ones who have passed away4. None of the above
Q3) During the Havdalah ritual a candle is lit and then extinguished using: <ul style="list-style-type: none">A. WineB. WaterC. SaltD. Sand	Q4) During the Havdalah ritual a blessing is made over the cup containing the: <ul style="list-style-type: none">A. WaterB. JuiceC. WineD. Salt water
Q5) At the end of the Havdalah ritual Jews say to one another: <ul style="list-style-type: none">A. Peace be with youB. Shavuo Tov (Have a good week)C. Travel safelyD. Go well	

Sikhism: Music and Ritual

Dharmveer Singh

Q1) The Sikh ritual object being played is called a: <ul style="list-style-type: none">a. Vangerb. Accordionc. Harmoniumd. A and C	Q2) The Sikh place of worship is called the: <ul style="list-style-type: none">a. Chapelb. Gurdwarac. Clubd. Room
Q3) The Sikh scriptures are called the <ul style="list-style-type: none">a. Bibleb. Psalmsc. Sonnetsd. Guru Granth Sahib	Q4) The word for God in the Sikh faith is: <ul style="list-style-type: none">a. Libub. Allahc. Lordd. Father
Q5) Libu also means: <ul style="list-style-type: none">a. Wondrous creatorb. Almightyc. Magnificentd. A and B	

Hinduism: Friday rituals

Shipra Kohli

<p>Q1) In Hindu philosophy Friday is the day of:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">A. The GodB. The GoddessC. The AlmightyD. The magnificent one	<p>Q2) The Hindu ritual begins with:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">A. Ringing the gongB. Sounding the bellC. Lighting the lampD. None of the above
<p>Q3) At some Hindu houses the lamp is lit:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">A. Once per weekB. Once per dayC. Five times per dayD. At dawn and dusk	<p>Q4) When lighting the lamp a prayer is said that includes:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">A. The light is brightB. The lamp leads us from darkness to lightC. The light is eternalD. The lamp is briefly lit
<p>Q5) At the end of the ritual:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">A. Small bells are rungB. A tambourine is soundedC. A horn is blownD. A drum is beaten	

Baha'i Faith: Marriage Rituals

Ruhy Parris

<p>Q1) The Baha'i faith does not generally use:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">A. PrayersB. MeditationsC. Ritual objectsD. Symbols	<p>Q2) The ritual being performed by the Baha'i faith leader is used for:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">A. DeathsB. MarriagesC. BirthsD. All of the above
<p>Q3) The Baha'i faith is a new world religious that originated in the middle of the:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">A. 15th centuryB. 16th centuryC. 19th centuryD. 20th century.	<p>Q4) The believers in the Baha'i faith are followers of:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">A. Bahá'u'lláhB. MosesC. AllahD. Abraham
<p>Q5) The Baha'i faith is devoid of most rituals, however, one that is celebrated is entitled the:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">A. AwakeningB. Great celebrationC. The High MarriageD. The emancipation	

Buddhism: Bowl

Allen Kerr

<p>Q1) The Buddhist monks used the bowl for:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">A. Carrying holy waterB. Collecting food in their begging bowl.C. Collecting coins.D. None or the above	<p>Q2) Buddhists now use the bowl to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">A. Distribute foodB. Collect waterC. Cleanse themselvesD. Make a sound to commence meditation
<p>Q3) The Buddhist begins the meditation by:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">A. Inviting the soundB. Rubbing the bowlC. Striking the bowlD. All of the above	<p>4. In buddhism there are _____ schools of thought and practice</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">A. ManyB. FewC. TwoD. No
<p>Q5) The sound of the bell shows:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">A. Heaven openingB. Resonation with natureC. You are pausing normal lifeD. You're hungry	